Teaching for Inclusion & Equity Intermediate Badge Artifact

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Simulation preparation course

- Co created with academic partner at COSPH
 - Same content at DU and COSPH
 - Same assignments
 - Different modes of delivery
 - DU: online asynchronous
 - COSPH: in-person/flipped

Intermediate TIE project

- Aim:
 - To address problematic aspects of international humanitarian aid work, especially those that arise from power imbalances and inequities.
- How:
 - Include readings, discussions, reflections, and exercises in the course that elevate marginalized perspectives and facilitate student reflection on their own positionality.
 - Include elements in the simulation exercise that test student ability to apply these concepts





Learning objectives

learning objectives for the simulation course

- Be able to describe and apply practical approaches for 'decolonizing' aid
- Be able to advocate for the importance of partnering with local actors and communities in humanitarian contexts

learning objective for the simulation exercise

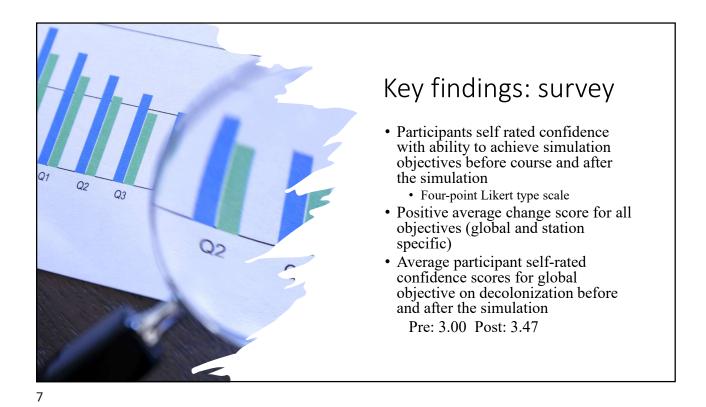
 Put the needs of local stakeholders first, including advocating for community members in decision-making roles, consistent with localization and decolonizing aid frameworks.

Assessment approach

We have 3 evaluation components

- a) Anonymous Pre/post simulation survey
- b) Expert evaluator observations during the simulation
- c) participant post-simulation reflection paper (includes a specific prompt)
 - a) Please comment on aspects of 'decolonizing aid' within the sim. Were 'decolonizing aid' components clear? Did these components resonate for you? How could this affect your future work? Do you have specific suggestions about how we might enhance these components in future sims?





Key findings[.]

Key findings: evaluator observations

- Most participants demonstrated a high level of sensitivity when engaging with (actors playing) crisis-displaced people especially those who expressed health concerns or having experiences gender-based violence.
- Many participants elevated the needs of displaced people over other stakeholders, such as the government
- Variability in effectiveness of how participants managed simulated conflict between actors playing local and international aid providers
- Improvement for most participants/teams in engagement with simulation environment and tasks over the course of the simulation.



Key findings: Reflection paper

- Most students came into the simulation with limited prior engagement with the issues
 - Most of those indicated satisfaction with the course content and simulation components
 - They reflected on their increased awareness
- A few participants indicated that they had more prior experience with these issues and that they were looking to go beyond awareness and strategies to practical solutions.
- 2/3 of participants felt that the simulation exercise successfully showcased the importance of decolonizing aid. Others felt this was more highlighted in the course content.

"I think the simulation did an amazing job of continuing the push for the conversation of decolonizing aid and the tools used this year should remain the same for the upcoming years." – course participant

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